

**CROP INSURANCE - DAY 3** 

**GREATAMERICANCROP.COM** 







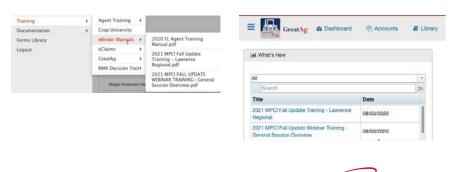
### Day 3 Agenda:

- I. INTRODUCTION
- II. ACREAGE REPORTING REVIEW
- III. CIVIL RIGHTS
- IV. CLAIMS
- V. COMPLIANCE
- VI. WRAP UP, REVIEW AND QUESTIONS

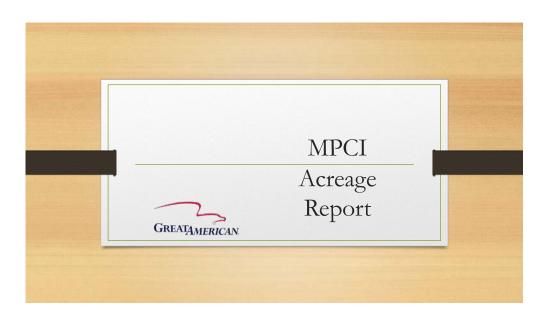


#### **Training Material:**

The training material PDF is located in our GreatAg menu and in the Dashboard What's new:



GREATAMERICAN, INSURANCE GROUP



### Acreage Report

- Required annually to determine amount of insurance, premium and share.
- Must be filed by Acreage Reporting Date (ARD) found in Special Provisions (SP)
- If crops with multiple ARD's (same season) are insured on one policy, the acreage report must be submitted by the latest ARD.

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### Acreage Report

- If planting of the insured crop continues after the Final Planting Date (FPD) or insured is prevented from planting during the late planting period, the ARD will be later of:
  - ARD contained in the Special Provisions
  - Date determined on prior slide for crops with multiple ARD's
  - Five days after end of late planting period for the insured crop

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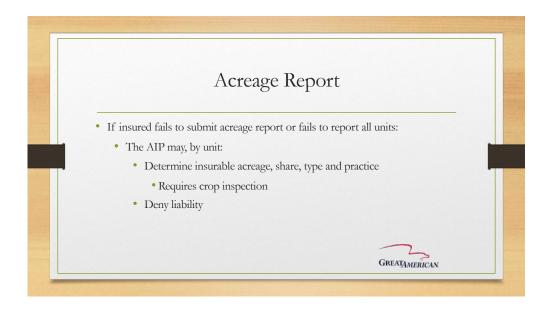
### Acreage Report

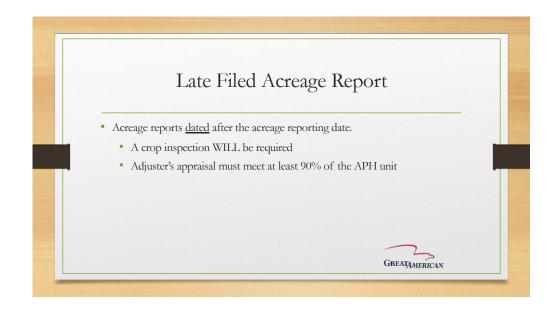
- Planted Date:
  - For acreage planted on or before FPD
    - · Last date of planting and total acres planted
  - Acreage planted during Late Plant Period (LPP)
    - · Date of planting and number of acres planted each
    - · Failure to report, on a daily basis, will result in all acreage presumed to have been planted on last date of planting. GREATAMERICAN

#### Acreage Report

- Your acreage report must also include:
  - Insured's share at the time coverage begins
  - The Practice
  - The Type
  - The Land Identifier
    - · Legal Description
    - FSA Farm Number or common land unit
  - Notifying AIP if intent is to direct market the crop
    - Complete marketing certification
    - If acceptable verifiable records are required and will not be available GREATAMERICAN







#### Adding Land at the ARD

- If the insured is adding land to the farming operation, check the County Actuarial and Map for insurability.
  - Is the land in a high risk or unrated area?
- Also find out if the land being added is "Added Land" or New Crop P/T". If so:
  - Write "Added Land" or "New Crop P/T" on the acreage report next to the applicable acres.
  - Write the **Total Cropland Acres** on the acreage report for each unit when requesting added land simple average t-yield.

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#### Contracts/Contract Crops

- When processing acreage reports with contract crops:
  - The contract <u>must</u> be submitted with the acreage report.
  - Only the acres shown on the contract are insurable.
    - Acreage greater than the contracted acres are uninsurable.



#### Contract Price Addendum

- Must be elected by the SCD and be listed in the actuarial documents by crop/practice. CPA is continuous.
- Contract <u>must</u> be submitted with the acreage report
- Will be applied to all applicable acres
- Contract price will be determined through the contract
  - Will not exceed the limit there is a cap usually 1.5 or 2.0 cap found in actuarials



#### Acreage Report

#### Completing the Acreage Report

- Verify all pre-printed information is correct
  - Insured name, address, phone #?
  - Insured identification # and person type?
  - County, Crop, Plan, Level & Price information?
- FSA Farm/Tract/Field
  - Has the FSN changed?
- Practice/Type
  - Correct Practice/Type?
  - Insurable in county?



#### Acreage Report

#### Completing the Acreage Report

- Verify Unit Structure?
  - Does insured qualify for unit structure selected?
  - Is policy unit numbered correctly?
  - Farm Names can be added to further identify units.
- Legal descriptions
  - Correct legal description?
- High Risk Land
  - Check High Risk map layers.



### Acreage Report

#### Completing the Acreage Report

- · Acres & Plant Date
  - Report by CLU
  - Report all insurable and uninsurable acres, late plant acres and prevent plant acres
    - When reporting Prevent Plant acres, you must follow both these steps:
      - . 1.Turn in a Notice of Loss to us within 72 hours after
        - a. The final planting date, if you do not intend to plant the insured crop during the late planting period or if a late planting period is not applicable; or
        - b. You determine you will not be able to plant the insured crop within any applicable late planting period.
      - . 2. Report the prevent plant acreage information on the acreage report by field.
    - If you only turn in a claim but there are no prevent planted acres reported on the acreage report, no claim will be paid.

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### Acreage Report

#### Completing the Acreage Report

- · Share & Shareholder
  - · Check for accuracy
  - If shareholder changes unit structure may change
  - If insuring acreage as Landlord/Tenant
    - · Each percentage of shares must be reported
    - $^{\bullet}~$  Each separate share arrangement with different landlords or tenants qualifies as a BU
    - · Must have written evidence of the other party's approval by SCD
      - Application, Lease Agreement or POA

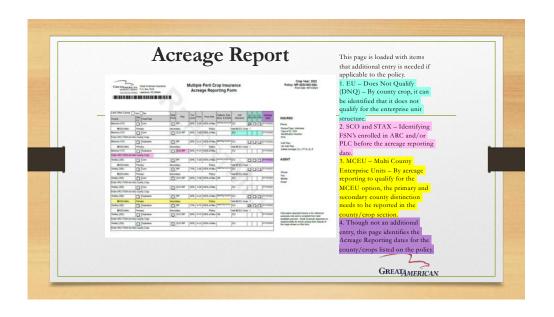
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#### Acreage Report

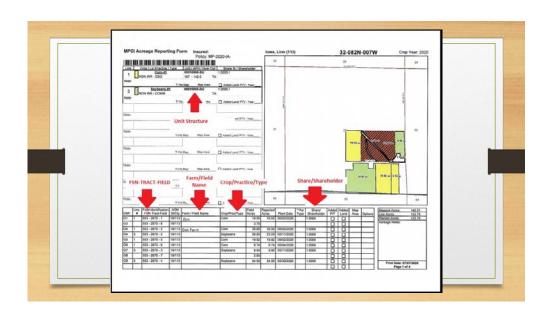
#### Completing the Acreage Report

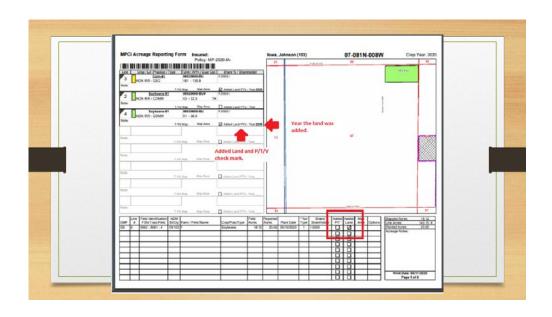
- Additional Acreage section
  - Report any added land, P/T or uninsurable acres
- Verify if insured has an AD-1026 filed at FSA or the Great American Conservation Compliance form is on file (good for one year)
  - If not compliant, can still maintain Federal Crop insurance policy but
    - · No Federal premium subsidy applied to premium
    - · Insured responsible for 100% of calculated premium
- · Agent and Insured must sign and date timely



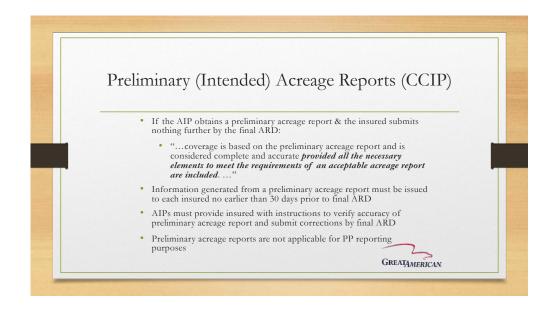


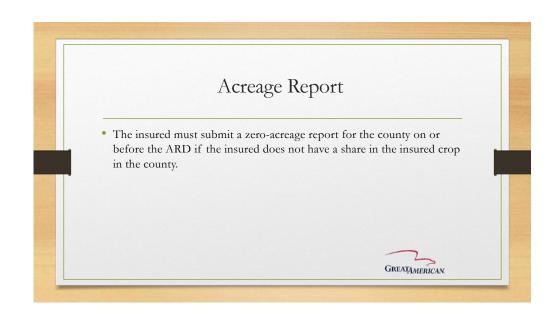














# Important things to remember when completing the acreage report:

- 1. Do not take acreage reports over the phone.
- 2. Never sign the acreage report for a client.
- 3. State the importance of reporting all acres regardless of insurability.
- 4. Make sure all acreage lines have acres reported or identify as zero acres.
- 5. Make sure your client understands when he/she signs the acreage report that it cannot be changed at a later date without meeting stringent criteria and penalties for misreporting may apply.

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### Verifying the Acreage Reported

When the Schedule of Insurance is received, it MUST be reviewed for accuracy.



#### Revised Acreage Reports

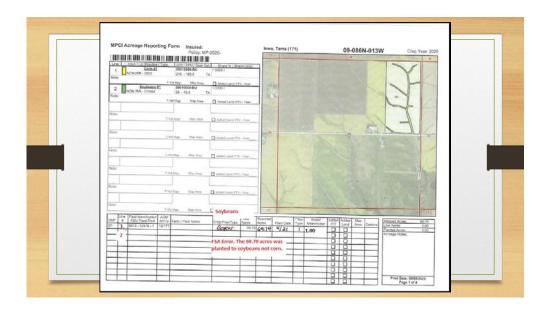
- Before Final Acreage Reporting Date:
  - Insured may revise Acreage Reports for planted acres without crop inspection.



#### Revised Acreage Reports

- AFTER final Acreage Reporting Date, revisions may NOT be made without our consent, and we determine:
  - Cause of loss has not occurred, and crop appraisal determines yield to be at least 90% of guarantee
  - · Information is clearly transposed, or
  - Adequate evidence that error was made by us or USDA.
- Exceptions:
  - Insured requests acreage to be short rated and the crop provisions are met or
  - The insured requests measurements service on or before the ARD and such measurement results in a different acreage determination.
  - If spouses that were allowed separate policies are later found to not qualify for separate policies will be revised to include voided acres to remaining policy.

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#### Revised Acreage Reports

- Required documentation for Acreage Revisions:
  - Document changes directly on the Acreage Reporting Form or Schedule of Insurance by CLU
    - If applicable, submit any source document used to fill out AR
      - Source document must be timely signed and dated by insured. (ARD)
  - State reasons for corrections
  - Insured and agent must re-sign and re-date



#### Revised Acreage Reports

- UUF/3rd Party Damage When UUF/3rd Party Damage affects your insureds, it is important that the insured is aware that he is required to <u>submit a notice of loss</u>. The insured is also required to submit a signed, revised Acreage Report separating the UUF/3rd Party Damaged acres from the undamaged acres in the unit.
- Prevented Planting Revisions:
  - PP acreage cannot be revised at any time to change crops or types.
  - After ARD, PP cannot be revised unless information is clearly transposed, or error made by us or USDA.

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#### Transfer of Coverage And Right to an Indemnity

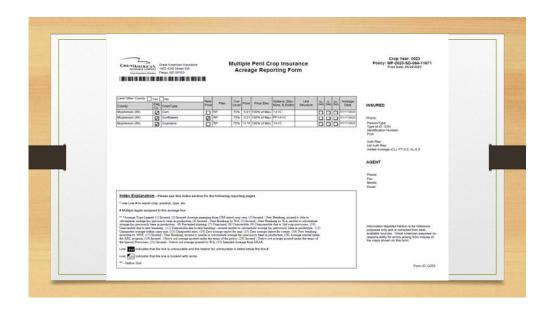
- The Transfer of Coverage And Right to an Indemnity form is used during acreage reporting season when the insured transfers insurance coverage to another person.
- Insurance must be attached to policy first before applying the transferee to the policy.
- Both transferor and transferee will want an AD-1026 on file with FSA for the crop year or be eligible to sign the conservation compliance certification statement.



GREATAM INSURAN	ERICAN, CE COMPANY	Crop Insuranc	e .		Coverage	il Crop In And Righ	surance t to an Indemi Crop Year			Policy Number	Page 1 of 2
Part I: INSUI	RED'S/TRAI	NSFEROR'S	SINFORMATI	ON		Part II: AG	ENCY INFORMA	ATION			
Name						Name					
Street or Mailing	Address		City	State	Zip Code	Agency Cod	n Number				
Part III: TRA											
Name	NSFEREE'S	INFORMA	Person Type	Identification Number	ID No. Type	_	Street or Mailing Ad	dress City	Protect The Control	Code Telephone	- Marshan
Name			Person type		SSN DE		sereet or seasing Ac	dress City	State Zip	Loos I reseptions	n Number
Part IV: CRO	P INFORM	ATION	-			14	112		1811		
Unit St Number	ate C	ounty	Name of Crop	Section, Township, Range and Other Land Identifier	FSA Farm Number	Acreage Transferre	Share d Transferred	Total Premium For Unit	Premium on Acreage Transferred	Premium on Retained Agreage	Premium Paid with Transfer
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	_	-			+	+	+	<u> </u>	+	+	-
					-	_		-			_
					-					-	
Effective Date	of Transfer_			Nature of Transfer			-		Premium paid	with Transfer	
Is the entire it	nsured acreag	e and the enti	re insured share o	on this unit being transferred?	☐ Yes	□ No					
Part V: CHEC	K ONE OF	THE BOXE	S								
a. Make ch	eck pavable is	ointly to insur	red and transfere	e(s). Check will be mailed to	the insured	s address (ur	less an assignmen	t of indemnity i	is on filel; or		
				Il be mailed to transferee(s)							
Part VI: TER	MS AND CO	ONDITIONS									
(1) Receipt on the u (2) The term	by the Appro mit, (b) the ca	ived Insurance ilendar date f ve-identified	e Provider of sat or the end of the insurance contra	he above-described transfer isfactory evidence that the s insurance period, or (c) the ct, including any outstanding	said transfer date the enti	occurred before crop on the	ore the end of the in a unit was destroye	nsurance perio	d; i.e., (a) the danged by the Appro	te harvest was c	
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				e hereby transferred only to							
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Fam	Name	T-Yie Map. Map Area	Added Land PTV - Year							
OMF	Line Field Identification # FOX - Treat - Field	First Name	Crop#tau/Type Acres	Reported Acres Plant Da	te Type	Sharel Shareholder	Address Addres	ided Map and Area	Cytions	Acreage Notes
E										Print Date: 06/24/2023
							101	5	$\equiv$	Front Date: 06/24/2023 Fage 2 of 4

GREATALANDIAL OF CONTROL OF CONTR
Required Field Review Inspection Number of Trees/Vines Processor Name/Number
REMARKS:
List all terms that are secoled in the Agricultural Risk Coverage (ARC) plan at FSA:
Note: These farms are not eligible for the Supplemental Coverage Cylinia (SCO),
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GREATAMERICAN Good American Insurance	Multiple Peril Crop Insurance	Grop Year: 2023	
ting research Tenano Fargo, NO 58103-	Acreage Reporting Form	Policy: MP-2023-SD-084-11671 Print Date: 05/24/2023 Page 4 of 4	
Certification Statement	ANTI-REBATING STATEMENT sied, that I have not directly or indirectly received, accepted, or been paid, or		
insurance policy after if has been procured. I underteased that if an autoromoted unione accounts officializing and followings of the find process of the process of the creation of the creation of the process of the proces	L vesill, or relaction of previous, or any other valuables consideration, as an portabilistic own on crucka polyment of previous productions and superstandards are producted on the crucka polyment of previous productions and 150 (cruck). If a local control of the cruck of th	used discounts, and any other payment approved by PICC that are incompanied that a face endreadour is that here to compressly not ad occursing the finded to, criment and over persistent and administrative sanctions in on the filter may wait in a recompanied on the approved APM yield felly and accurately may result in another may policy, including but, and any other application fromer statement.	
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	fective for the 2023 Crop Year	Page 4 of 4
Policy Number: 2023-SD-084-11671 Agency: 145		60-20-10 P
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BOB AGENT Agent's Printed Name	Signature	Code Code Number



# **Civil Rights**



## **Civil Rights**

- USDA Office of Civil Rights
  - Civil Rights Homepage
    - https://www.rma.usda.gov/en/Topics/Civil-Rights
  - Their mission is to provide leadership and direction for the fair and equitable treatment of all USDA customers and employees while ensuring the delivery of quality programs and enforcement of civil rights.
  - Office of Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights
    - www.usda.gov/oascr
- RMA Programs and Outreach Include
  - Program consideration for Limited Resource Farmers
  - Compliance with Non-Discrimination Laws
  - Program Outreach Efforts



## **Civil Rights**



- Justice for All Poster
  - NEW Poster Available this Year
  - Must be posted and visible to customers in Agent's office
  - Make sure you have the most current poster
  - Poster has been released and is available for printing at Great American's print shop
  - The version of the current poster is AD-475-A
  - Version date is September 2019





## **Civil Rights**

- RMA will conduct periodic reviews to assure compliance and awareness of Civil Rights
  - Interview AIP and employees
  - RMA can visit an Agents Office and conduct Interviews



#### **Limited Resource Farmer**

- Purpose is to ensure that USDA programs are administered in a way that enables small or limited resource farmers to maintain and develop such smaller farming operations
- A Limited Resource Farmer is:
  - With direct or indirect gross farm sales not more than the current indexed value in each of the previous two years, AND
  - Who has a total household income at or below the national poverty level for a family of four or less than 50 percent of county median household income in each of the previous two years

https://lrftool.sc.egov.usda.gov/LRP Definition.aspx



#### **USDA Non-Discrimination Statement**

- Agency websites must contain the Non-Discrimination Statement and/or can contain links to the RMA or USDA Office of the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights
  - RMA Non-Discrimination Statement website
    - https://www.rma.usda.gov/About-RMA/Laws-and-Regulations/Required-Statements/Non-Discrimination-Statement
    - · Example GAIC Crop Division Website



- All agency letters & brochures intended for MPCI customers must contain the Non-Discrimination Statement
  - DSSH 503 RMA Non-Discrimination Statement



### **Limited Resource Farmer**

- Online tools and resources can be found at:
- https://lrftool.sc.egov.usda.gov/DeterminationTool.aspx?fyYear=2022
  - Prices
  - National Data
  - State/County Data
  - · Historical Data



### **USDA Non-Discrimination Statement**

- The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) prohibits discrimination against
  - Customers, Employees, and Applicants for Employment on the Basis of:
    - · Race Disability Reprisal and
    - Color
    - Sex
    - · National Origin
    - Gender Identity
    - Age
    - Religion
    - · Marital and Parental Status
    - Genetic Information
    - · Political Affiliation



### **Complaint of Discrimination**

USDA Office of the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights

- 1. Complete the USDA Program Discrimination Complaint Form found at: https://www.usda.gov/oascr
- 2. Call: (866) 632-9992 to request the form
- 3. Email: program.intake@usda.gov
- 4. Write a letter to: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Director, Center for Civil Rights Enforcement, Adjudication 1400 Independence Avenue, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20250-9410
- 5. Fax (202)690-7442



### **Complaint of Discrimination**

Individuals who are deaf, hard of hearing or have speech disabilities that wish to file either an EEO or program complaints contact:

• USDA through the Federal Relay Service (800) 877-8339 - or -(800) 845-6136 (Spanish)



## **Complaint of Discrimination**

If you require alternative means of communication for program information (e.g., Braille, large print, audiotape, etc.)

- Contact USDA's TARGET Center at:
  - (202) 690-0443 (Voice and TDD)



### **USDA** Outreach Program

- USDA has established the Office of Partnerships and Public Engagement (OPPE) to develop and maintain partnerships focused on solutions to challenges facing rural and underserved communities
  - https://www.usda.gov/partnerships
- OPPE offers education and resources through targeted marketing activities
- Underserved customers include:
  - Minority Farmers/Ranchers
  - New or Beginning Farmers/Ranchers
  - Small Specialty Crop Farmers, Organic Farmers, and Other Farmers with production practices that are different to the area



## **USDA** Outreach Program

- · Recommendations for getting involved
  - Contact your local outreach coordinator through FSA's outreach initiatives
    - https://www.fsa.usda.gov/programs-and-services/outreach-and-education/index
  - Subscribe to OPPE's email list for Topics of Interest

#### **Contact Us**

Office of Partnerships and Public Engagement Independence Ave., SW Stop 0601 Washington, DC 20250-9821 Phone: (Toll Free): 800-880-4183 Main: 202-720-6350 email: partnerships@usda.gov website: www.usda.gov/partnerships

Sign up for OPPE update

· Other Organizations

https://www.anniesproject.org/

https://blackfarmersnetwork.com/

https://nationalblackgrowerscouncil.com

https://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/main/national/people/outreach/

https://www.fsa.usda.gov/programs-and-services/outreach-and-education/webinars/index



## **USDA Ag Census**

- USDA has a 2017 Census Publications available on their website to become more aware of underserved farmers and ranchers due to their Race, Ethnicity & Gender
- Agents can access information to allow them to pursue producers who may need access to such programs
- Please follow the link below:
- https://www.nass.usda.gov/Publications/AgCensus/2017/index.php#full\_report
- Release date of April 11, 2019



## **USDA Ag Census**

The website allows the user to break the census down to a:

- Statewide Summary
  - or -
- County Summary



Select the State from the map or from the text below the map

https://www.nass.usda.gov/Publications/AgCensus/2017/Online Resources/Race, Ethnicity and Gender Profiles/



### **Producer Accommodations**

- If a producer has a disability or has special needs, we as GAIG are required to make such accommodations that will provide the producer with equal service. These accommodations may include:
  - Meeting a producer at a public place, such as a library
  - Meeting at the producer's house
  - Providing services via internet
  - · Providing building accessibility, such as a wheelchair ramp

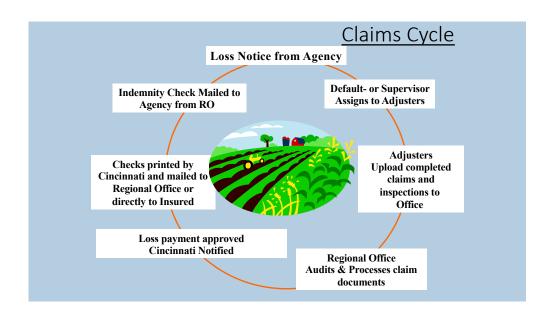


## Race, Ethnicity, and Gender (REG)

- RMA Statement initiated with the 2022 Document and Supplemental Standards Handbook, Paragraph 606, FCIC-24040
- One time agent certification form disclosing three categories
  - Race
  - Ethnicity
  - Gender
- Individuals have the ability to opt-out of this information
- Initial collection has been completed of all active agents
- Newly appointed agents will have to complete going forward







#### Agent's Responsibilities for Loss Claims and Inspection Requests

- Help the insured submit a Notice of Loss and/or Inspection request –
  - Include all information and answer all questions
- ❖ Include the insured's home/cell phone numbers and directions to the insured's farm
- Verify that all submitted information is correct Production Reports / Acreage Reports /Etc
- ❖ <u>Do not</u> try and figure out the loss
- ❖ <u>Do not</u> try to influence the adjuster

### Types of Claims

- Replant
- Prevented Planted
- Harvest Production
- Harvest Revenue

#### Common Causes of Loss

Insurance is only provided for unavoidable loss due a covered cause of loss <u>as shown in the Basic & Crop</u> <u>Provisions</u>. The covered cause of loss must be due to a naturally occurring event.

- Excess Moisture
- Drought
- ❖ Insects or Plant disease not due to insufficient or improper application of control measures
- Frost/Freeze
- ❖ Fire\*
- Cold Wet Winter
- **❖** Wildlife

## Notice of Loss Steps

- Loss Notices should be filed by agent using Great Ag
  - They can be faxed directly to the Great American loss department of your Regional office, but we suggest that you use GreatAg for reporting a claim.
- By using GreatAg, Claims are set up automatically.
- The Claims Supervisor is assigned automatically.
- ❖ The Adjuster may also be assigned automatically.
- Once the claim is set-up, either the Claims Supervisor or Adjuster will contact the Insured to set up time and date for field visit.

The Agent can look in Great Ag for Claim Listings.

Until a Notice of Loss is submitted, a claim cannot be set up or processed

### Notice Of Loss

In the event of damage to any insured crop, The insured is required to:

- Protect the crop from further damage by providing sufficient care.
- Give notice of loss within 72 hours of initial discovery;
  - Not later than 15 days after end of insurance or harvest which ever comes first.
  - By unit for each insured crop
  - But after 72 hours acceptance by company approval ONLY;
- Leave Representative Samples;
- Cooperate with us in settlement of the claim and as often as required;
- Obtain consent to destroy crop and residue;
- Must submit a claim and Declare the amount of loss within 60 days after the end of the insurance period.
- ❖ Loss Notices MUST be confirmed in writing within 15 days.

### Notice of Loss

- Submission of a Notice of Loss more than 60 days <u>after</u> the end of insurance period (earlier of harvest or calendar date in provisions), <u>will</u> be denied.
- ❖ Failure of insured to have required documentation within 60 days of request, "may" result in denial of claim

## When a Claim is Reported

Great American reviews:

- ❖ The current Schedule of Insurance for accuracy
- The Insured's APH to determine if it is reasonable and accurate
- The Claim worksheets to verify that it is completed according to procedures

If errors are found, Great American will make corrections to any or all documents as necessary

Great American processes the claim as quickly as possible to make sure it is paid within 30 days of the signature date

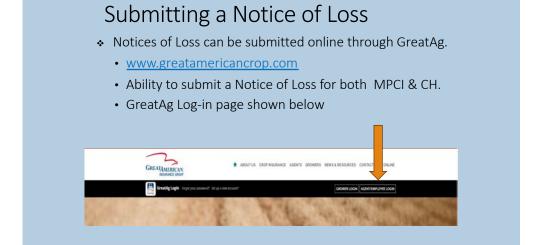
• 30 days is maximum turn-around time allowable

Great American's goal is 5 days!!

## Claim Adjustment Procedures

When making adjustments to a submitted claim, Great American uses the procedures established by FCIC in:

- The LAM
- The applicable Crop Loss Manuals
- The CIH and all applicable provisions and
- The eClaims rating program



## Submitting a Notice of Loss

To submit a Notice of Loss via GreatAg:

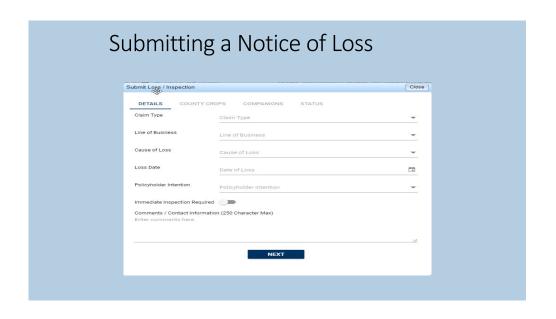
- Verify the correct crop year is selected
- Type in the insured's policy number or name

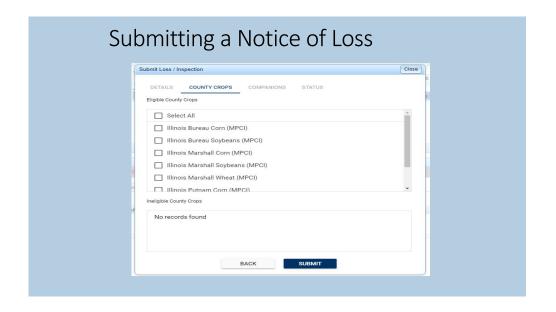


## Submitting a Notice of Loss

- Click the Claims/Inspection tab
- Click Submit Loss/Inspection







## **Final Inspections**

End Of The Insurance Period:

- When the end of the insurance period calendar date ( Dec 10 for corn and soybeans) has been reached, a final inspection is required as soon as possible, unless AIP allows additional time for harvest.
- ❖ If allowed, the insured is expected to harvest the crop if a window of harvest arises. If the insured had an opportunity to harvest the crop and failed to do so, appraise the acreage and finalize the claim based on the appraisal.

## Add Damage Feature

- Add Damage
  - This feature is under the Claims tab in GreatAg. It allows you to add an additional date/cause of damage to an existing claim.
    - The claim must be in "Assigned" status.
  - Use this feature to add damage to a claim instead of reporting an additional unnecessary claim.



# Silage Appraisals/Comingling of Old and New Crops

The insured may need to request:

- A corn appraisal prior to cutting silage or
- A bin measurement prior to commingling the previous year's production with the current year's production or
- Other type of appraisal (see list in drop down box)

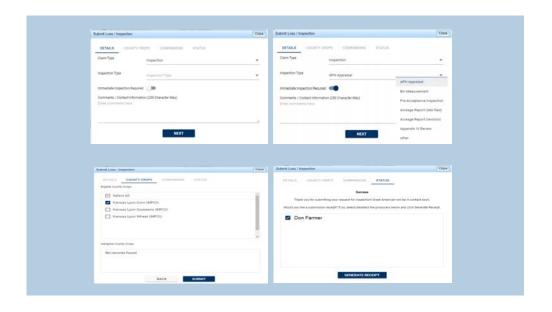
Submit an INSPECTION request using GreatAg

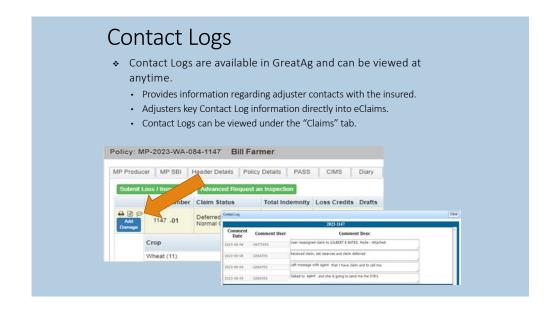
# Requesting an Inspection/Appraisal through GreatAg

Inspections can be requested electronically using GreatAg.

- Pull up the policyholder name in GreatAg.
- Select the Claims/Inspection Tab.
- Select "Submit Loss/Inspection".







# DIRECT DEPOSIT FOR CLAIMS (Electronic Funds Transfer)

Direct Deposit is the most quick and efficient way for producers to receive claim payments

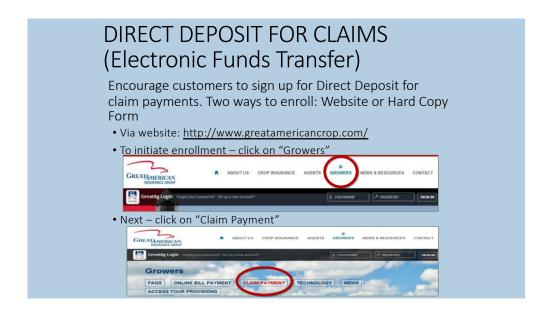
• Eliminates mail time and your time to hand deliver checks

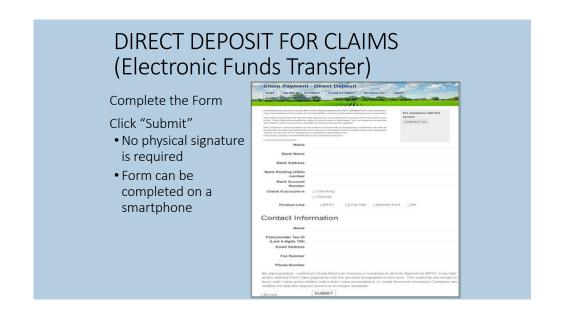
Electronic funds are directly wired into checking, savings, line of credit accounts

- Funds are immediately accessible to producer and not subject to a bank hold when depositing paper checks
- Producer (and agent) will receive email confirmation when funds have been deposited
- 1 Day Review Period
- Gives opportunity to review claims prior to funds being transferred
- For example, claim release at 9:00 AM today. The funds transaction will be initiated 4:30pm tomorrow

## Direct Deposit for Claims

\*Ideal time to sign-up insureds is when they are signing the acreage report\*





# DIRECT DEPOSIT FOR CLAIMS (Electronic Funds Transfer)

If policy contains an Assignment of Indemnity, the form cannot be completed electronically – must be done via hard copy paper form.

• Click on the Assignment of Indemnity Authorization form link as indicated below.

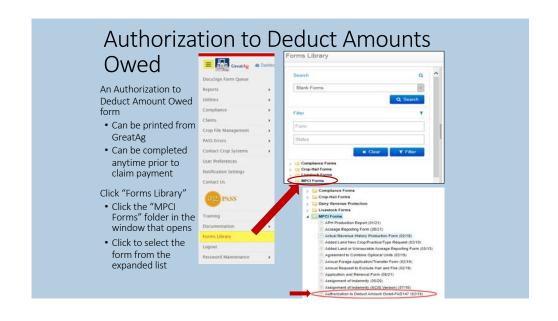


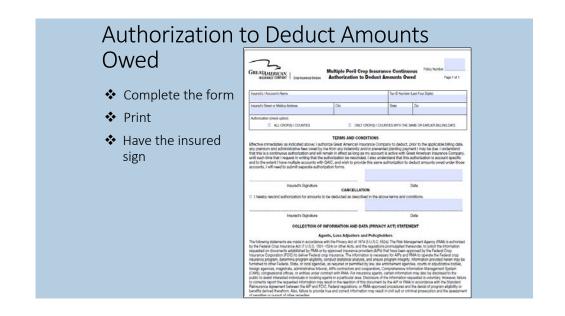
# DIRECT DEPOSIT FOR CLAIMS (Electronic Funds Transfer)

Hard Copy Enrollment Form

• Form can be mailed or emailed











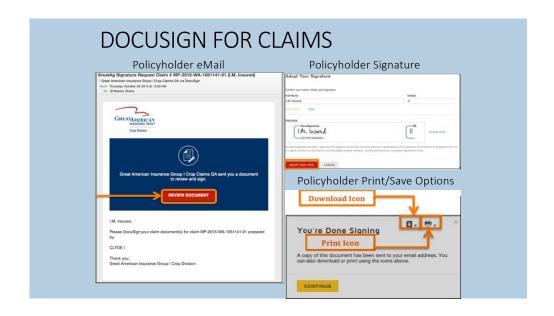
### **DOCUSION FOR CLAIMS**

Benefits to Agents and Policyholders

- Significantly speeds up the claim process
- Eliminates having to schedule another trip to field for final signatures
- Efficient process for long-distance landlords
- Documents can easily be signed on mobile device or computer
- Policyholder can print and/or save final e-signed claim documents

Adjuster will ask if policyholder would like to have the claim finalized through this process

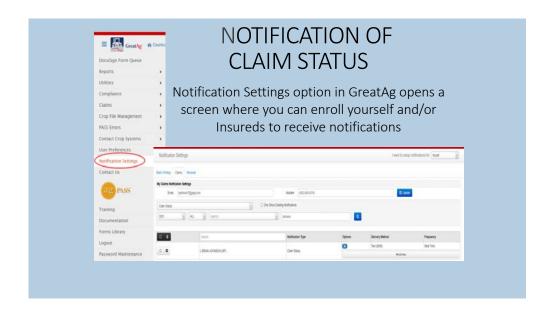
• Adjuster will have a quick-card available to help walk through this process with the policyholder



### NOTIFICATION OF CLAIM STATUS

Agents and Insureds can receive real-time notifications as their claims move through our system

- Email and/or Text
- ❖ Can elect some or all claim status categories
  - Received & Assigned
  - Paid/closed



## NOTIFICATION OF CLAIM STATUS

Example Email



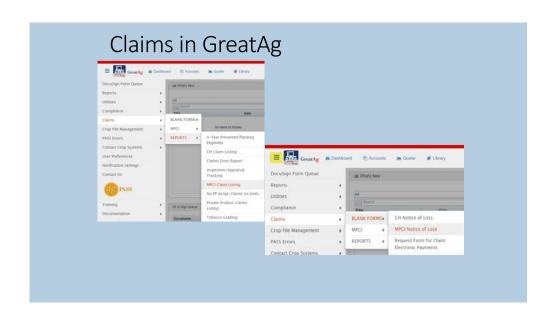
### NOTIFICATION OF CLAIM STATUS

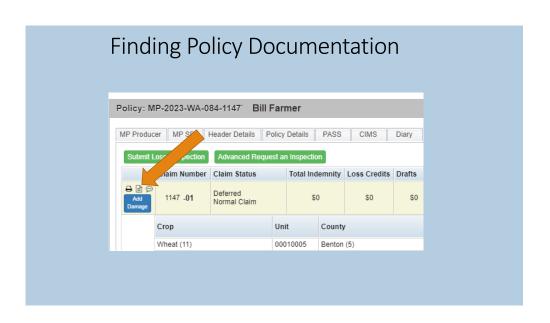
Email address & Mobile number can be different than what is used for other GAIC communications

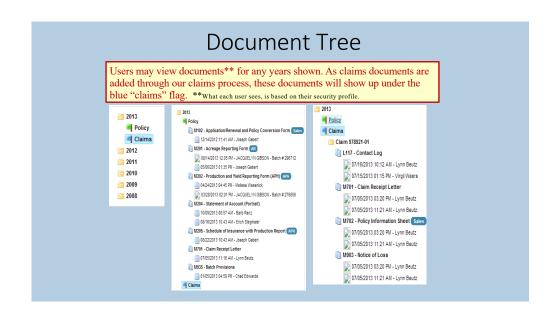
 Allows you to designate an email address to receive notifications without cluttering your normal inbox

Can elect to receive notifications for

- All your Insureds, or
- Only elect notifications for select accounts







# Producer Record Keeping Requirements

#### **Hard Records**

- These records are actual hard copy verification records (Third Party Verification)
- Examples: Assembling Sheets, Elevator Tickets, Bin Measurements/Silage Appraisals by Adjuster

#### **Soft Records**

- These records are used as a "support system" for any hard copy records.
- Soft Records alone are not acceptable for APH Audits.
- Soft Records work in conjunction with Hard Records.
- Examples: Truckload Logs, Hopper Records, Combine Monitors

### Conflict of Interest

Great American may conduct inspections for crop insurance claims of persons directly associated with the FCIC program. (a direct association with either the AIP or a USDA affiliate – employee or relative of an employee)

# Conflict of Interest and/or RMA Restrictions

Immediate family of the Agent, Adjuster or employees of the AIP with policies are a Conflict of Interest and may be selected to submit to a 3 year APH claim review of production if there is a claim.

Some other RMA Restrictions for Agents:

- An Agent may not be present when the claim is being worked.
- Claims may not be worked in the Agent's office.
- An Agent may not use a POA to sign a claim.

# ANY QUESTIONS???





#### **Topics To Cover**

- · GAIC Compliance Department
- · GA Help Tools
- Fraud Waste and Abuse
- PY Reporting/Producer Record Keeping
- · Excessive Yields
- · RMA Hydra Reports
- · RMA Data Mining
- M125 Data Mining and Reporting
- Agent Compliance Rebating/COI/CBP/NDS
- · Compliance Form Completion
- LEP



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#### **GAIC Compliance Department**

- 2023 Standard Reinsurance Agreement (SRA) Appendix IV stipulates Approved Insurance Provider (AIP) compliance responsibilities
  - Coordinates activities with Underwriting and Claim Departments
  - Designated Compliance Supervisor that works with each Regional Office
    - Fresno/Lawrence Rebekah Wistrom
    - Peoria David Wilson
    - Lawrence Brian Knipp
    - Eau Claire Barb Polden
    - Fargo Tanya Kvamme
    - Albany-Cindy Jackson



#### **GAIC Compliance Department**

- 2023 SRA Appendix IV outlines AIP compliance responsibilities
  - Generalized in two separate compartments

    - Appendix IV Quality Control Reviews
       These are mandatory audits where RMA has outlined review requirements
    - Provides a system of checks/balance for the program
       RMA Compliance Reviews
    - - RMA Regional Compliance Office Initiated ReviewData Mining Reviews

      - Operational Reviews

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#### **GAIC Compliance Department**

- Appendix IV Quality Control Reviews
  - Conflict of Interest Review
  - \$200,000 Indemnity Review
  - Consecutive Loss Adjuster Reviews
  - Rainfall Index Reviews
  - Excessive Yield Reviews



#### **GAIC Compliance Department**

- RMA Compliance Reviews
   RMA Regional Compliance Office Initiated Review
  - Anonymous complaint
     RMA Investigations
     Data Mining Reviews

    - RMA Spot-check
       FSA Spot-check

    - ARPA
       FSA RMA Acreage Discrepancy
       PPA
  - Operational Reviews
     IPERIA

    - APR

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#### **GreatAg Help Tools**



#### **Outstanding Compliance Forms**

An agent will be made aware of outstanding Compliance forms on the GreatAg Agency Dashboard. See the Compliance section of the lower-right hand corner of your dashboard screen.

A red **0** on the Agent and/or Agency tab indicates a form is due.

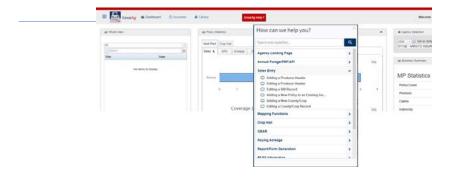
Forms listed in red are outstanding.



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#### More GreatAg Help Tools



GREATAMERICAN REPARE LIPER

#### **Fraud Waste and Abuse**

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#### **Fraud Waste and Abuse**

- RMA and Industry focus on program integrity is important to everyone's success
- All individuals involved in the program must do their part to protect the crop insurance program integrity
   Congress continues to focus on funding What we can do to keep
- the program successful?
  - Low error rate on policies
- RMA Compliance Data Mining efforts
   Promote program integrity
   We all need to do our part



#### **Fraud Waste and Abuse**

 2023 Standard Reinsurance Agreement (SRA) Appendix IV, Section IV. Reporting Suspected Misrepresentation, Fraud, Waste, and Abuse

> States in Part: In all cases where the Company or its affiliates reasonably suspect misrepresentation, fraud, waste, or abuse, the

Company shall:

(a) Immediately report such cases to FCIC

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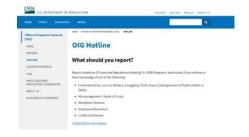
#### **Fraud Waste and Abuse**

- · Reporting Options -
  - Contact your Great American Representative They can get you in contact with the correct individuals
    GAIC Crop Fraud Hotline 800.228.2860
    RMA Fraud Hotline 800.424.9121



#### **Fraud Waste and Abuse**

• OIG Hotline Website <a href="https://www.usda.gov/oig/hotline">https://www.usda.gov/oig/hotline</a>



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#### **Fraud Waste and Abuse**

- RMA Compliance Offices <a href="https://www.rma.usda.gov/aboutrma/fields/cfos">https://www.rma.usda.gov/aboutrma/fields/cfos</a>
- Risk Management Agency has regional compliance offices located throughout the Country



GREATAMERICAN REPARE GREAT

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- 2023 CIH Part 13 Production Report
  - Annual production report is required for all crops with a yield-based plan of insurance that is required to establish the approved APH Yield
- PY Report Items of Importance
  - Must include all acreage and production for the unit
  - Not just policyholders share, total production for the unit
     Be signed by the insured

  - Submitted to AIP prior to the production reporting deadline
  - Be supported by acceptable production evidence (2023 CIH 1302 A. (4))

- 2023 CIH 1302 A.(4) States in part below:
  - For PY reports, policyholders do not have to provide records at time of reporting. However, if an audit is done, they will be required to submit those records the policyholder used to report their production from.

(4) Be supported by <u>acceptable production evidence</u>. See Part 14 for production evidence requirements. The insured must maintain and provide upon request acceptable production evidence for each crop year by unit...

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#### **PY Reporting/Producer Record Keeping**

- 2023 CIH 1302 A.(4) States in part below:
  - When said records are requested and the insured does not have acceptable supporting production records, assign yields may apply.

...If the insured does not have acceptable supporting production records to support the information on the production report, the insured will be subject to the procedures in Para. 1302 D...

GREATAMERICAN RESIDENCE GROSSE

#### Acceptable Production Evidence

#### **PY Reporting/Producer Record Keeping**

• 2023 CIH Part 14 – Production Evidence

#### 1401 Acceptable Production Evidence

Procedures in this section regarding acceptable production evidence to substantiate total production and acceptable production evidence to separate and document the production from different units are applicable for APH purposes. Production record requirements for indemnity purposes may be different. AIPs shall follow applicable loss adjustment standards to determine production record requirements for indemnity purposes.

Sometimes referred to as acceptable production records



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#### **PY Reporting/Producer Record Keeping**

- 2023 CIH Part 14 Production Evidence
  - · Relates to any type of APH review required by RMA, such as:
    - Conflict of Interest
    - 200K Review
    - · RMA Spot-checks
    - · Excessive Yield Audits
    - · And a few others

#### D. APH Review Record Requirements

The insured must provide <u>acceptable production records</u> that support the certified production report at the time of a review, whenever an APH review is required.



- Acceptable Production Evidence
  - 2023 CIH Part 14 Production Evidence

#### 1402 Certifying Production

#### B. Types of Records

The records described in Section 2 and 3 are to be used by insureds as acceptable records to substantiate an insured's total certified production and for separating and documenting production from different units,

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#### **PY Reporting/Producer Record Keeping**

- Acceptable Production Evidence
  - 2023 CIH Part 14 Production Evidence

### 1403 Unit of Measure and Production Adjustments B. Adjustments to Production

When the acceptable record provides **moisture**, foreign material, dockage, test weight, quality, grade, etc., the reported production from <u>non-loss units</u> will be adjusted by the basis of the acceptable production evidence or adjusted in accordance with approved loss adjustment procedures. For <u>loss situations</u> see LAM for adjustments to production evidence on claims for indemnities...

Often producers mistakenly report "wet" grain at PY time.



• Section 2 Acceptable Verifiable Records



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- Section 2 Acceptable Verifiable Records1415 Crops Requiring Verifiable Records
  - References perennials and some annual specialty crops
     Defined within section 1416 1421

  - Must be provided when an APH audit is being conducted by the AIP
  - Policy holder's responsibility to maintain records
  - Assigned yields could apply if records are not provided when requested



- 1416 Records of Production Commercially Sold...
  - Typically referred to as 3<sup>rd</sup> party records
    - · Coming from an unrelated, independent source
  - Many examples listed in 1416 A.

The following records, or similar records, from a disinterested third party of commercially sold or stored production are acceptable when all the information in Para. B is provided.

- Gin Records Ledger Sheets
- Load Summaries
   Marketing Outlet
   Records
   Processor Records
   Processor Records
   Packer Records Buyer Records
   Broker Records
   Boiler House Records
- First Handler Records
- Warehouse Receipts Elevator Receipts
- Storage Facility Records

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- 1417 Claim for Indemnity
  - Whenever a loss is worked on a unit, that record will be the acceptable production record in any APH audit
    - Example, APH review being conducted in the 2020 RY on the 2019 production for corn. A loss was paid in 2019 on all corn units on the crop/county policy. The APH review will utilize the loss records to substantiate production to count for the unit
  - · Loss records should never be replaced



- 1418 FSA or CCC Verified Documents
  - At times other government agencies may measure bins or verify production for their applicable programs

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- 1419-1420 Authorized AIP or FSA Personnel Appraisals of Unharvested Acreage or Measurement of On-farm Production
  - APH Appraisals conducted by an AIP loss adjuster will substantiate production to count
  - · Bin measurement by AIP loss adjuster or FSA personnel
    - Often done when policy holder is chopping corn for silage or storing grain on farm to feed livestock



- 1421 Pre-Harvest Appraisal and Other Record Types
  - This section discusses production of crops that are directmarketed to consumers
  - Includes a wide variety of perennials
  - Review section closely if writing any of these types of crops
- 1421 B Pick Records
  - Often times these could be the primary document used to substantiate production to count in an audit when product is direct marketed

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#### **PY Reporting/Producer Record Keeping**

• Section 3 Acceptable Farm Management Records

## Section 3 Acceptable Farm Management Records 1431 Crops that Qualify for Farm Management Records

GREATAMERICAN RESEARCE GROSS

- 1431 Crops that Qualify for Farm Management Records
   Typically these are your annual crops found in the Midwest
- Example; corn, soybeans, wheat...
   Production record type can often be broken down into three categories

  - Grain Delivered Directly to Market
     Grain Stored on Farm then Delivered Directly to Market
  - 3. Grain Stored on Farm then Fed on Farm

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#### **Grain Delivery Directly to Market**



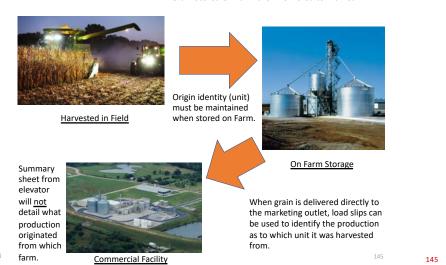
When grain is delivered directly to the marketing outlet, load slips can be used to identify the production as to which unit it was harvested from.





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#### Grain Stored On Farm then Delivered to Market





#### **Hard Records**

These records are actual hard copy verification records (Third Party Verification)

Examples: Assembling Sheets, Tickets, Bin Measurements and Silage Appraisals (by adjuster)

These records are used as a "support system" for any hard copy records. Soft Records alone are not acceptable for APH Audits. Soft Records work in conjunction with Hard Records.

Examples: Truckload Logs, Hopper Records, Combine Monitors

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#### **PY Reporting/Producer Record Keeping**

- · When are soft records needed?
  - When grain is commingled with other units in a storage facility (or conveyance) that is owned by the policy holder
- · APH auditor will utilize the finalized third-party record for total production for the crop/county and allocate production to each unit based on the soft records that the producer provides



- Types of Soft Records found in Section 3
  - Measurement of storage facility by producer
  - Automated Yield Monitoring Systems\*
  - · Field Harvest Records
    - Truck load records
    - Grain cart records\*\*
    - · Combine hopper records
  - \*Yield Monitoring Systems can be used as a stand alone record if they qualify
  - \*\* Grain carts with blue tooth (or other electronic device) that records weights of each load from an individual field and generates a printout can be used as a stand-alone record.

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#### **PY Reporting/Producer Record Keeping**

• 2023 CIH 1404 Record Retention Period

Insureds must retain and, upon request, provide acceptable production evidence to substantiate total production and acceptable evidence to support what was certified on the production report. See Para. 1302.

Insured's must retain the acceptable records until the calendar date for the end of the insurance period of the <a href="third-crop year">third-crop year</a> after the crop year for which the production report was certified



- 2023 CIH 1404 Record Retention Period
  - There could be instances where this period could be extended by RMA
    - Possible scenario would be in relation to RMA Compliance cases

AIPs or USDA may extend the record retention period beyond the three year period by notifying the insured of such extension in writing before the record retention period ends

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#### **PY Reporting/Producer Record Keeping**

- · 2023 CIH Section 7 Reviewing and Correcting APH Yields
  - New language added in 2019 RY
  - Applicable when AIP is conducting APH Reviews
- Paragraph 1595 General Information states:

All required APH Reviews must be conducted in accordance with Appendix IV of the Standard Reinsurance Agreement (SRA). AIPs are required to review those Category B and C eligible crop insurance contracts identified by the criteria as provided in Appendix IV or as otherwise specified by RMA. This does not limit the ability of an AIP to select a policy for review based upon its internal established criteria.

GREATAMERICAN RESPARCE GROOT

- Section 7 Reviewing and Correcting APH Yields (1595 A.)
  - New Insureds

For the first year in which a crop is insured, review all years of records used to support the APH to ensure the records are complete and were reported and certified as required by RMA, see Para. 1303 E.

If an insured certifies a crop/county for the first time ever (meaning they never had insurance before), and an APH audit is done, all years will have to be reviewed by the AIP.

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#### **PY Reporting/Producer Record Keeping**

- Section 7 Reviewing and Correcting APH Yields (1595 B.)
  - · APH Review 1 year versus 3 year
  - When AIP conducts an APH review of the most recent crop year, and actual yields are within tolerance of reported yields, then only <u>one year</u> needs to be completed
    - APH records from years two and three must still exist
  - Three year review is mandatory if actual yields are not within tolerance.
    - RMA established tolerance is 5%



- Section 7 Reviewing and Correcting APH Yields (1596 C.)
  - AIP will review the Production and Yield report for accuracy
  - All insurable and uninsured production must be accounted for by the insured
  - Production records must be identified in accordance to the unit structure on the PY report
  - Production amounts on the PY report must be supported by acceptable production evidence maintained by the policyholder



									`
36	0007-0001-CU Com 75%	Non-int/Grain Miami (121) 01-insured	19-158	1.00 / 1.00 TA 1.000 / 0.74	150 BU 142 BU 142 BU	112.5 BU \$13,158 3,290 BU	 6.5000 MARIE NOLEY TRUST (0.5000)	29.24 4/28/2019	5736 3 7(3.77 5332 Comminged From
$\overline{}$									

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#### **PY Reporting/Producer Record Keeping**

- Section 7 Reviewing and Correcting APH Yields (1598)
  - Determining if Acres and Production Evidence Support the Production Report

When conducting an APH Review, the reviewer shall determine if the insured's acreage and production evidence support the amounts certified on the production report. Production reported on a production report is supported when the actual yield matches or is within RMA established tolerances, see Subparagraph B for tolerances 5% Tolerance



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- Section 7 Reviewing and Correcting APH Yields (1598 A.)
  - Production evidence reported at the unit level, records must represent that same structure/APH database
    - Commingled production is not acceptable in this situation
  - Production below is reported individually by database (line #) so the records must reflect such



22	0002-0001-OU Soybeans 70%	Non-inflio Type Specified Miami (121) 01-insured	9-165-2	1.00 / 1.00 TA 1.000 / 1.00	0.07782045 No	40 00	29.4 BU \$17,676 1,853 BU		53.02 6/12/2019	\$1,342 \$550	3852.33
23	0002-0002-OU Soybeans 70%	Non-In/No Type Specified Milamii (121) 01-Insured	×	1.00 / 1.00 TA 1.000 / 1.00	0.0714878 No	40 00	33.5 BU \$40.228 4.217 BU	0.6670 0KG FAPM NC 0.5330s	125.50 6/15/2019	\$2,901	8026.29

-Commingle reporting is allowed, but must be indicated on PY report -EU structure must still be verified by individual APH if the policy holder reported it that way



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#### **PY Reporting/Producer Record Keeping**

- Section 7 Reviewing and Correcting APH Yields (1598 B.)
  - Comparing Production Report to Production Evidence (1401)
    - Insured should report net production from settlement sheet
  - AIP compares production evidence to PY report
    - If production evidence matches, then production is certified
    - If production is **under** reported on PY report, then corrected
    - If production is over reported on PY report by more than <u>5%</u> then assigned yields may apply





### **Excessive Yields**

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### **Excessive Yields**

- As part of our Standard Reinsurance Agreement with RMA, Great American is required to verify yields and identify anomalous actual production history certifications.
- Additional language procedure is found in the Basic Provisions, para.
   3(h)1 and section 7 of the Crop Insurance Handbook.
- Through Data Mining Reviews and Operational Reviews, RMA ensures Great American's internal controls are in place.
- GreatAg has edits in place to check for yields as production is keyed.

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#### **Excessive Yields**

As a high yield is keyed, pop-up box comes to screen.





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#### **Excessive Yields**

If the agent does not change the yield, the underwriter will be alerted to review the database, through a "R" flag in our Sanity Check column.





#### **Underwriters review Excessive Yields by:**

- Verifying with the agent there is no keying or transposition error
- Comparing similar yields from data within the State by County, Crop, and Practice.
  - If substantiated, the yield is maintained, and the sanity flag is overridden.
  - If yield cannot be substantiated, send to Compliance for an APH Review, for the year in question



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#### **Underwriters Complete Excessive Yields by:**

Reviewing results of APH Review findings:

- If the APH Review finds producer records support yield, the Sanity flag is changed to "V" for verified.
- If not, the Underwriter will need to follow procedure in the Crop Insurance Handbook, Para. 1590, to reduce/assign yields.

The policy is documented accordingly.



#### **Excessive Yields - Compliance**

- When underwriting flags the policy with an "A" then it is sent to compliance for an APH audit
- The APH review is for the entire crop/county, not just the excessive yield database
- A letter is sent to the insured regarding record request
- A GAIC employee will be contacting the policy holder to assist in gather the records and completing the review
- Once the records are verified, one of two things can happen:
  - Yields are corrected to what the production records support
  - Yields match, and the EY is validated



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#### **RMA Hydra Reports**



#### **RMA Hydra Reports**

- Since the Agriculture Risk Protection Act (ARPA) of 2000, RMA has made significant progress in preventing fraud, waste and abuse through the expanded use of data mining.
- RMA contracts with the Center for Agribusiness
   Excellence (CAE) at Tarleton State University to develop these technologies. The mission of the CAE is to provide research, training, and resources for data warehousing, data mining, and analytics of RMA and Farm Service Agency (FSA) data.
- Since employing these technologies in 2001, RMA has achieved substantial program savings through proactive efforts to identify program vulnerabilities and abuse.

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#### **RMA Hydra Reports**

- Hydra Reports based on data mining from the Center for Agribusiness Excellence (CAE) are released at various times throughout the year.
- All AIPs receive Hydra reconciliation reports from RMA for:
  - · New Producer
  - BFR
  - · Misreported Claims
  - · Excessive Yield
- RMA expects each report to be reviewed and information sent down as policy corrections or verification that the policy is accurate.

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### **RMA New Producer Hydra report**

- Indicates if the Producer, or their SBI, have 3 years history for the crop
- Compares data of the Crop from AIP with:
  - RMA Data- Self and SBI, and Producer as former SBI with history
  - FSA Data- Self and SBI



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### **BFR Applicant with History Hydra report**

- · Indicates crop history and exclusions of the BFR applicant
- · Compares Producer data from AIP with:
  - RMA Data- Self and Certification, and Producer as former SBI with history
  - FSA Data- Self and Producer as former SBI with history



### **Misreported Claim Hydra report**

- · Lists policies by Crop and Unit
- Compares Producer claim production and acreage data from AIP with:
  - · Annual Yield for the Crop Year reported to RMA
  - Yield Acreage
  - · Status of line-
    - Yield is less or greater than claim yield; Reported prevented yield as wrong yield type; or Reported yield less or greater than 60% assigned yield.



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### **Excessive Yield Hydra report**

- Indicates APH Year, APH Acres, and APH Yield that is outside the parameters established by CAE production history for the:
- State/County
- Crop
- Practice
- · On a unit basis, for that crop year.



### RMA Hydra Reports- Underwriting steps

- Hydra Reports are reviewed on a continual basis by underwriters
- Policies will show as "Pending UW Review" in GreatAg.
- Underwriters will contact agents as needed to resolve discrepancies.
- Changes to policies are expected in each RY identified, per RMA.

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- Tarleton State University's Math Department 
   Stephenville, Texas (SW of Fort Worth, TX)
- Contracted with RMA to conduct data mining project
- Two Basic Segments
  - RMA's Hydra system annual projects looking for anomalies
  - Ad Hoc Reports RMA Regional Compliance office initiative

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- RMA Annual Programs
   RMA Spot-checks

  - RMA IPERIA audits
  - RMA ARPA Reviews
  - RMA FSA Spot-check
  - RMA FSA Acreage Discrepancies



- RMA Spot-checks Each year RMA provides a list to all AIPs for both fall and spring crop policies where identified anomalies have
- AIP is required to do a full in-depth review of policy
  If policy transfers, audit with transfer to ceding company
- This is a required AIP review initiated by RMA

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- · RMA Spot-checks
  - Required notification to policy holder/agent will be sent out in a letter outlining the review
  - AIP representative will be working with policy holder throughout the year
    - Underwriting Review
    - APH Review
    - PHI Inspection
    - Claim Review (if applicable)



- · RMA Spot-checks
  - If a claim is being paid, the production to count is evaluated
  - against the Pre-harvest appraisals
     All completed information is sent back to RMA at the end of the crop year for them to review

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- RMA IPERIA Reviews Initiated by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB)
  - Monitors all government programs that receive funding via tax
  - All government agencies must comply with regulation
  - Target error rate less than 5%
  - The Risk Management Agency has had a very good track record of being in the 3% - 4% range since program initiated (2017)



- RMA IPERIA Reviews Annual review that is conducted by RMA
  - · Random policy selection
  - AIP will notify agents as soon as list is selected
    Policyholder will be notified by RMA directly

  - RMA will request policy file, production records, and claim documents (if applicable) from AIP/Insured
  - Last few years we have averaged about 30 policies nation wide

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- RMA IPERIA Reviews RMA industry findings
  - · Feeding records insufficient or missing
  - · Insured certified production incorrectly when compared to PY report
  - Commingled production without soft records
  - Poorly labeled production records
  - Acreage discrepancies
  - PRF policy deficiencies missing leases



- RMA Agriculture Risk Protection Act (ARPA) Reviews Review guidelines are provided via the Act
  - Data mined by RMA annually Looking for anomalous claims experience relative to their peers in the geographic area
     Primary focus of this audit is to review production and acreage
  - Primary focus of this audit is to review production and acreagoreports for accuracy, as well as any claim paid on policy in selected year
  - Internal audit conducted by GAIC following guidelines outlined by MGR-19-021

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- RMA ARPA Reviews Follow similar audit procedures as outlined for the RMA Spot-check audits
  - Additional activities include review of prior year claim loss adjustment



- FSA Spot-check In conjunction with RMA, FSA conducts their own monitoring program based off of RMA's data mining list
  - FSA will conduct field visits and report findings to RMA
  - FSA has four potential findings
    - No spot-check done
    - Spot-check complete no concerns identified
    - Spot-check complete concerns identified common to area
    - Spot-check complete concerns identified NOT common to area

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- FSA Spot-check When spot-check complete and identified concerns, the policy will be submitted to the applicable RMA Regional Compliance office and a compliance case will ensue
  - Compliance case will be submitted to AIP for review
  - AIP will need to conduct growing season inspection and review concerns identified by FSA
  - Pending indemnities can be held up for payment until review finalized with RMA



- RMA FSA Acreage Discrepancy RMA has been conducting a data mining program the past two years identifying discrepancies between FSA and RMA reported acres
  - RMA screens list and only includes discrepancies of 10 acres or more
    - · Focused on corn and soybeans only at this time
  - AIP must verify with acreage is correct
    - FSA correct revised acreage report must be filed following CIH procedures
    - RMA correct nothing further needed, will be reported back to FSA

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- RMA FSA Acreage Discrepancy
  - Past results appears to be about 50-50 split in accuracy
  - RMA identified errors seem to mostly be flipping corn and soybean acres
    - I. E. Insured reported 50 acres of soybeans and 70 acres of corn on their acreage report. In review of what was actually planted, there was 70 acres of soybeans and 50 acres of corn.
  - Other errors involve fields that were split between corn and beans



#### M125 Data Mining and Reporting

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#### M125 Data Mining and Reporting

- GAIG's M125 Policy Verification Report compares reported, booked, acreage and share to CIMS data from FSA.
- If there is a share discrepancy, or an acreage discrepancy of more than 10%, underwriters are asked to review. Agents are contacted as needed.
- Although RMA does not require acres to match FSA-578s, they are data-mining for these discrepancies.



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### Agent Compliance – Rebating/COI/CBP/NDS/REG

- 2023 SRA Appendix I Section VI. Conflict of Interest
  - Simply stated, agent is **not allowed** to be involved in loss
  - adjustment process on any MPCI policy
  - SRA allows Only the following activities:
- (i) The agent may:
- (I) Receive a notice of loss from the policyholder and transfer it to the Company;
- (II) Provide a copy of the Company's official file folder, as applicable, to the loss adjuster or reviewer;
- (III) Provide the loss adjuster or reviewer with any information provided by the policyholder related to the loss;
- (IV) Facilitate the loss adjuster's gathering of information directly from other parties;
- (V) Assist the loss adjuster in locating the policyholder or vice versa.



- 2023 SRA Appendix I Section VI. Conflict of Interest Annual Disclosure as outlined in paragraph (e) Disclosure
- (1) In accordance with FCIC procedures, the Company must notify all of its employees and affiliates, including, but not limited to, agents, agencies, and loss adjusters, in writing, of the conflict of interest requirements, including their requirement to disclose to the Company, and the Company's obligation to disclose to FCIC:
- (i) Any business, financial, or legal relationship that any **such person** has with a policyholder;
- (ii) Whether any employee or affiliate is a relative of the policyholder; or
- (iii) Whether any employee or affiliate has a **substantial beneficial interest** in the policyholder.

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### Agent Compliance – Rebating/COI/CBP/NDS/REG

- · 2023 SRA Appendix I Section VI. Conflict of Interest
  - Disclosure form due annually at earliest acreage reporting date of the agent
    - Example: Corn policy acreage report is 7/15, then the COI for that year will initiate collection 90 days prior to 7/15
  - · Completed electronically within GreatAg
  - · Consists of 12 questions as outlined by RMA
  - Must be completed by all agents and GAIC employees/adjusters



			Please respond to the following questions
1.	Yes	No	Do you have a share in a Multiple Peril Crop Insurance (MPCI) Crop/Livestock policy with Great American Insurance Company (GAIG)?
2.			Do any of your relatives* have a share/substantial beneficial interest in a MPCI Crop/Livestock policy with GAIG?
3.			Do you have a Power of Attorney to act on behalf of a policyholder or are you an authorized representative of a policyholder with respect to a MPCI Crop/Livestock policy with GAIG?
4.			Do you have an ownership interest in any business (excluding stock in public corporations or other widely held entities with less than a ten percent interest) with any policyholder whose MPCI Crop/Livestock policy is insured by GAIG?
5.			Do you have a rental or leasing arrangement for land, buildings, or equipment with any policyholder whose MPCI Crop/Livestock policy is insured by GAIG?
6.			Are you an owner/operator of a business or a commission based employee that provides goods or services related to farming operations (custom farming, tractor sales, etc., but excluding insurance services) for which you receive revenue as the owner/operator or a direct commission as an employee with respect to any policyholder whose MPCI Crop/Livestock policy is insured by GAIG?
7.			Are you an owner/operator of a business or a commission based employee that provides goods or services NOT related to farming operations (custom farming, tractor sales, etc., but excluding insurance services) for which you receive revenue as the owner/operator or a direct commission as an employee with respect to any policyholder whose MPCI Crop/Livestock policy is insured by GAIG?
8.			Are you an employee of a financial institution and part of the approval decision making process of financial arrangements for any policyholder whose MPCI Crop/Livestock policy is insured by GAIG?
9.			Do you have an agent compensation, barter or financial arrangement (excluding those reported under question 8 above) for any policyholder whose MPCI Crop/Livestock policy is insured by GAIG?
10.			Do you have a business, familial, financial, or legal relationship with any policyholder with GAIG that has not been disclosed above?
11.			Do you have a relative* who works with the Federal Crop Insurance program for GAIG or any of its affiliates?
12.			Do you perform both agents and loss adjuster activities, possibly for different AIP's?

• Rebating – Prohibited by the SRA per Definitions states:

"Rebate" means to pay, allow, or give, or offer to pay, allow or give, directly or indirectly, either as an inducement to procure insurance or after insurance has been procured, any benefit (including money, goods or services for which payment is usually made [except any service provided to fulfill an obligation of the Company under this Agreement]), discount, abatement, credit, or reduction of the premium named in the insurance policy and any other valuable consideration or inducement not specified in the policy.



· Rebating Prohibition

Premium adjustments are prohibited except for patronage dividends or similar payments as outlined in the Federal Crop Insurance Act (Reference Act for specific language)

-Enforced Violations

 $Policy holders - Voiding \ the \ policy, government-wide \ suspension, \ disqualification \ from \ cropin surance, \ civil \ penalties$ 

Approved Insurance Providers/Agents - Denial of reinsurance, monetary damages, government-wide suspension, disqualifications, civil penalties

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# Agent Compliance – Rebating/COI/CBP/NDS/REG

• Rebating Prohibition – RMA Website

https://www.rma.usda.gov/en/News-Room/Frequently-Asked-Questions/Published-Rebating-Violations-and-Sanctions



- · Controlled Business Practice (CBP) Appendix I Section VII
  - Total compensation must not exceed 30 percent for individual or relative policies for the entire book of business

No individual (including a subagent) may receive directly, or indirectly through a Company or its affiliates, any compensation (including, but not limited to, any commission, profit sharing, bonus, or any other direct or indirect benefit) for the sale and service of an eligible crop insurance contract if:

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### Agent Compliance – Rebating/COI/CBP/NDS/REG

- Controlled Business Practice (CBP) All agents must complete this form annually
  - Collection period starts October 1
  - AIP has 90 days to complete
  - · Certification is for the prior reinsurance year
    - Example: October 2023 the agent would be certifying for the 2022 RY
  - If agents do not certify by the deadline, the report will go back to RMA and they will be listed as out of compliance



- Controlled Business Practice (CBP) RMA Compliance
  - Any agent/agency that is reported as out of compliance will be contacted in writing by RMA in January of the following year
     Agent/Agency will then need to respond directly to RMA's
  - inquiry

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### Agent Compliance -Rebating/COI/CBP/NDS/REG

- Non-disclosure Statement (NDS) SRA Appendix I, Section XV
  - (1) Ensure that all persons having access to Protected Information, who are either employed by or have contracted with the Company, sign an Individual Nondisclosure Statement (NDS). If a person employed by or having a contract with the Company has previously executed a NDS with another AIP, that person must either submit a copy of the original NDS to the Company or sign and submit a new NDS.

#### Individual

- Non-disclosure Statement (NDS) Individual vs Agency
  - All individuals in the agency must complete an Individual Nondisclosure Statement
  - · All individual statements must be maintained in the agency
  - RMA will on occasion pull a random audit requesting copies of these forms

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### Agent Compliance – Rebating/COI/CBP/NDS/REG

#### Agency

- Non-disclosure Statement (NDS) Individual vs Agency
  - Annually, each agency must complete an Agency Certification form
    - This form states that all employees of the agency have completed an Individual NDS form and it is on file if needed
  - Annual certification must be completed on or around March 15<sup>th</sup> each year
    - This can be a very busy time so we start these collections in early January
  - · Annual certification will be for the upcoming Reinsurance Year
    - Example: March 1, 2023 will be certifying for the 2024 RY



- Race, Ethnicity, and Gender (REG)
  - USDA/RMA required form from all agents starting fall of 2021
  - · One time agent certification form disclosing three categories
    - Race
    - Ethnicity
    - Gender
  - Individuals have the ability to opt-out of this information
  - GAIC is using the NCIS form
  - · Initial collection has been completed on all active agents
    - Going forward, all new agents will be required to complete form with appointment paperwork

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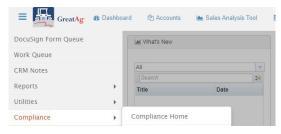
# Agent Compliance – Rebating/COI/CBP/NDS/REG



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#### **Compliance Form Completion**

To complete compliance forms online you will still go to the hamburger icon, then clicking on compliance, then compliance home as seen below.



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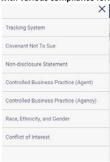
# Agent Compliance – Rebating/COI/CBP/NDS/REG

Once you have selected compliance home you will be redirected to another window at the compliance home screen.



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Once you have then clicked on the hamburger icon in the upper left a menu with various compliance forms will populate for completion.





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# Agent Compliance – Rebating/COI/CBP/NDS/REG

- Review the form and complete the required items.
- · Agree to use the electronic signature.

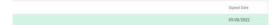


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Once signed, click finish.



Once signed the main screen on the compliance home page will typically say pending, this will update momentarily with a signed date as the DocuSign process completes.

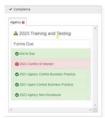


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# Agent Compliance – Rebating/COI/CBP/NDS/REG

Agents will still utilize the agent/agency dashboard as a tool to monitor and track and stay current on pending compliance forms or testing and training.



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- An email notification process will now be in place as well, once each form collection is initiated, an email notification will be in place to agents with "verified" email addresses. Agents with verified emails will typically get a weekly email on Mondays until the form has been completed.
- Any time an agent logs in and they do not have a "verified" email address a pop-up box will prompt them to complete the verification process. Once the verification process has been completed within our system the agent will be able to complete the form online.

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#### Agent Compliance - LEP

#### Who is an LEP individual?

An individual who does not speak English as their primary language and who has a limited ability to read, write, speak, or understand English

- Executive Order 13166: The Executive Order requires federal agencies and recipients to create language assistance plans, to ensure their activities provide access to persons who are LEP
- AIP LEP Plan:
  - If a LEP individual requests an essential document (i.e., policy) in a language other than English, the AIP will request a copy of this document from RMA in the specified language and provide it to the individual.
  - If a LEP individual requests oral translation services, the AIP will contact
    the Regional Office LEP Coordinator in that region for a listing of RMA
    accepted translation services, or use another accredited translation
    service of their choosing
- · Contact your GAIG Compliance staff for details or visit our website below:

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https://www.greatamericancrop.com/language-assistance





Review the next few slides for some of Great American's crop insurance tools. Any of these have the potential to help you learn and to grow your business

Thank you for taking the time to review these materials





