

# Safety Talk: Help Ensure Visitor Safety on Construction Sites



PRESENTED BY:	
MEETING START TIME:	
DATE OF MEETING:	
MEETING END TIME:	

KEEP THE CONVERSATION GOING WITH A SAFETY TALK QUESTION:

What can we do better to avoid the public coming on site without being accompanied?

# Background/Importance

Construction sites are inherently hazardous environments. While safety protocols are often focused on workers, **visitors** — such as clients, inspectors or delivery personnel — are also at risk. Ensuring their safety is not only a legal and ethical responsibility but also essential for maintaining smooth operations and avoiding liability. Proper visitor management helps prevent accidents, unauthorized access and disruptions to workflow.

# **Hazards and Common Issues**

Visitors unfamiliar with the site may face several risks, including the following:

- Unauthorized Access: Entering restricted or hazardous zones without proper clearance.
- Lack of Orientation: Not knowing where to go or what PPE is required.
- Unaccompanied Movement: Wandering into active work areas without supervision.
- Emergency Situations: Not knowing evacuation routes or emergency contacts.
- Security Breaches: Potential for theft or vandalism if access is not controlled.

# **Safety Controls**

To help mitigate these risks, implement the following safety controls:

#### 1. Perimeter Control

- Use fences, locked gates and signage to define site boundaries.
- Clearly mark entry and exit points.

#### 2. Identification and Verification

- Require ID badges or access cards.
- Use verification methods like PINs or biometric scans for high-security areas.

#### 3. Visitor Management System

- Require all visitors to sign in and state their purpose.
- Provide a safety orientation and ensure they are always accompanied by authorized personnel.

#### 4. Access Zones

- Divide the site into zones with different access levels.
- Restrict high-risk areas (e.g., steel erection, excavation) to trained personnel only.

### 5. Time-Based Access

- Limit visitor access to specific hours.
- Prevent entry during off-hours to reduce risk and liability.

## 6. Surveillance and Monitoring

- Install cameras and motion sensors.
- Use remote monitoring to detect unauthorized access or environmental hazards.

## 7. Emergency Access Planning

- Coordinate with local emergency responders.
- Ensure they are familiar with site layout, hydrant locations and egress paths.



Worker Comments / Feedback:	
To be signed by all employees, contract workers, clients commencing work.	s and others who participated in the safety talk prior to
Signatures:	

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